### LOS ALTOS HILLS COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

#### FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### LOS ALTOS HILLS COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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VALUE THE DIFFERENCE

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Los Altos Hills County Fire District Los Altos, California

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Los Altos Hills County Fire District (the "District"), a component unit of the County of Santa Clara, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of Los Altos Hills County Fire District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Varrinek, Trine, Dey & Co. L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 5, 2014, on our consideration of Los Altos Hills County Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and in considering Los Altos Hills County Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasanton, California September 5, 2014 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

This section of the Los Altos Hills County Fire District (the 'District") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$13,892,197 (net position) for the fiscal year reported. Of this amount, \$2,476,476 is net investment in capital assets, and \$11,415,721 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$2,480,385 during the fiscal year because the Board made decisions to spend down some of the reserves on upgrading Neary water tank, hydrants and water mainlines and removing dead and dangerous trees to reduce fuel load and increase safety.
- As of June 30, 2014, the District's general fund reported an ending unassigned fund balance of \$11,415,721. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the District's discretion.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was 105% of total general fund expenditures.
- Under the hydrant replacement program, 184 hydrants have been replaced at an average cost of approximately \$10,000 (cost varies according to specific needs of each hydrant/location that are often not visible prior to excavation). It is anticipated that the program will be complete in 2-3 years.
- During fiscal year 2013-14 approximately 1200 trees were removed or pruned under the "Tree Program." This
  program has proved to be both effective in fuel load reduction as well as popular with the constituents. Spending
  on this program is entirely discretionary by the Board and spending can be increased or decreased quickly based
  on budgetary constraints.
- In conjunction with the Purissima Hills Water District, the Fire District spent \$2.3 million to complete the Neary Tank Utilization Project during the fiscal year. This project seismically upgraded the tank and installed larger water mains to provide additional fire protection resources to a portion of the District.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) **Government-wide** financial statements, (2) **Fund** financial statements, and (3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The only governmental activity of the District is public protection – fire district. The District does not have any business-type activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The one fund of the District can be categorized as a governmental fund.

Governmental fund – (General Fund) is used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements—i.e. the District's basic services are reported in governmental fund. These statements, however, focus on (I) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because the focus of the governmental fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental fund with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental fund and governmental activities.

The District maintains only one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund.

The District does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The required supplementary information is presented concerning the District's General Fund budgetary comparison schedule. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,892,197 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### **Net Position**

	Governmental Activities						
		2014		2013		\$ Change	Variance (%)
Assets:							
Current assets	\$	11,162,228	\$	13,242,571	\$	(2,080,343)	-16%
Other assets		400,000		800,000		(400,000)	-50%
Capital assets		2,476,476		2,551,034		(74,558)	-3%
Total assets		14,038,704		16,593,605		(2,554,901)	-15%
Liabilities:							
Current and other liabilities		146,507		221,002		74,495	34%
Total liabilities		146,507		221,002		74,495	34%
Net position:							
Net invested in capital assets		2,476,476		2,551,034		(74,558)	-3%
Unrestricted		11,415,721		13,821,548		(2,405,827)	-17%
Total net position	\$	13,892,197	\$	16,372,582	\$	(2,480,385)	-15%

#### **Analysis of Net Position**

The largest portion of the District's net position (82%) reflects amounts not restricted for any project or any other purpose. The other 18% of net position represent its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, fire hydrants, furniture and equipment). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, there was no debt outstanding related to the acquisition of capital assets.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported positive balances in both categories of net position. The District's net position decreased by \$2,480,385 during the current fiscal year, as compared to the \$1,409,331 decrease in 2013.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the District's net position by \$2,480,385.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental activities:

#### Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
		2014		2013	\$	Change	Variance (%)
Revenues:		_		_			
General revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	8,327,012	\$	7,644,315	\$	682,697	9%
Intergovernmental: State		47,968		48,596		(628)	-1%
Interest and investment income		51,722		110,840		(59,118)	-53%
Property rental		4,250		2,800		1,450	52%
Other revenue		1,062		6,387		(5,325)	-83%
Total revenues		8,432,014		7,812,938		619,076	8%
Expenses:							
Public protection		10,912,399		9,222,269	(	(1,690,130)	-18%
Change in net position		(2,480,385)		(1,409,331)	(	(1,071,054)	-76%
Net position, beginning of year		16,372,582		17,781,913	(	(1,409,331)	-8%
Net position, end of year	\$	13,892,197	\$	16,372,582	\$ (	(2,480,385)	-15%

#### **Analysis of Changes in Net Position**

Key elements of the decrease of \$2,480,385 are as follows:

- Total expenses increased \$1,690,130. The Board made decisions to spend down some of the reserves by approving expenditures, such as upgrading Neary tank, hydrants and water mainlines and removing dead and dangerous trees to reduce fuel load.
- Property taxes increased by \$682,697 or 9% because of the annual inflation factor, not to exceed 2%, catch up in temporary valuation reductions caused by the recession and both increased sales activity of existing single family homes as well as an increase in the median sales price of those homes. Additionally the property taxes show an increase of approximately \$550,000 related to the accounting timing difference for recognizing revenue related to the States Proposition 1A borrowing in prior years. (i.e. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance (governmental fund) recognizes revenues on the modified accrual basis, typically when cash is received, and the statement of activities (changes in net position) recognizes revenues on the full accrual basis when the revenue has been earned). See footnote #2 B for a detailed explanation of measurement focus and basis of accounting.
- Interest income declined primarily due to the prior year including \$37,088 in interest received from the State of California for Proposition 1A borrowings from 2009-10, as well as deficit spending resulting in lower investment balances.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Fund**

The general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2014, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$11,415,721, a decrease of \$2,405,827 in comparison with the prior year. 100% of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the District's current and future needs.

Revenues for governmental funds totaled \$8,432,014 in fiscal year 2013-2014, which represents an increase of 1% from fiscal year ended 2013-2014. Expenditures for governmental functions, totaling \$10,837,841 is increased by approximately 18% from the fiscal year 2013-2014. In the fiscal year 2013-2014, expenses for governmental functions exceeded revenues by \$2,405,827.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as increases or decreases from the prior year.

#### Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Fund

_	2014	4	2013	3	Increase/(Decrease)		
				% of		% of	
Revenues by Source	Amount	% of Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	
Property taxes	\$8,327,012	99%	\$8,202,205	98%	\$124,807	2%	
Intergovernmental: State	47,968	1%	48,596	1%	(628)	-1%	
Interest and investment income	51,722	1%	110,840	1%	(59,118)	-53%	
Property rental	4,250	0%	2,800	0%	1,450	52%	
Other revenue	1,062	0%	6,387	0%	(5,325)	-83%	
Total	\$8,432,014	100%	\$8,370,828	100%	\$61,186	1%	

- Property taxes, the main District revenue, increased by about 2% because of the annual inflation factor, not to exceed 2%, catch up in temporary valuation reductions caused by the recession and both increased sales activity of existing single family homes as well as an increase in the median sales price of those homes.
- Interest and investment income decreased by 53% due primarily to the prior year including \$37,088 in interest received from the State of California for Proposition 1A borrowings from 2009-10 as well as deficit spending resulting in lower cash and investment balances.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$460,814. Property tax was more than budgetary estimate by \$517,312. Interest and investment income, property rental, and other revenues reflected negative variances of \$48,278, \$5,750 and \$2,470 respectively. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$2,664,182. The positive variance was in capital outlay of \$517,290, and services and supplies of \$2,146,892. The positive variances are mostly attributable to a conservative budgeting philosophy.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, amounted to \$2,476,476 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements, fire hydrants, furniture and equipment.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmental Activities						
		2014		2013		\$ Change	Increase/(decrease) % of change
Land	\$	4,688	\$	4,688	\$	-	0%
Improvements		2,552,838		2,552,838		-	0%
Fire hydrants		1,078,745		1,073,745		5,000	1%
Furniture and equipment		55,160		55,160		-	0%
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(1,214,955)		(1,135,397)		(79,558)	7%
Total	\$	2,476,476	\$	2,551,034	\$	(74,558)	-3%

See Note 4 for additional information on capital assets.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Over the last few years, the District's expenditures in excess of revenue have been for the overall goal of reducing fire exposure throughout its jurisdiction. This is done by reducing the fuel load and expanding the water supply for fire suppression through extension of the network of larger water mains, the installation of additional hydrants and the upgrading of water tanks and hydrants. For the Purissima Hills Water District and California Water Service Company, \$855,603 has been spent on pumps, backup generator, hydrant upgraded and water mainlines for the period 2013-2014, while \$1,250,000 has been estimated for 2014-2015. For the Eucalyptus and Dead Tree Program, \$1,653,738 was expended in 2013-2014, while \$2,500,000 was estimated for 2014-2015.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The fund balance reserves for insurance and emergency operations totaling \$3,000,000 would cover some of the expenses that would result from a catastrophic wild land fire. The District has additional reserves of \$2,000,000, for water mains and hydrants, and \$1,000,000 for equipment.

As for future funding and increased services, it is projected that tax revenues will continue to rise as a result of inflation, replacement of older ranch homes with larger structures, and increasing valuations. Revenues have been budgeted at \$8,751,700, a 3.8% increase for 2014-2015. Expenses are expected to decline 2.1% to \$10,681,600, primarily due to the completion of the Neary Tank Utilization Project. All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2015.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Los Altos Hills County Fire District, P.O. Box 1766, Los Altos, CA 94023-1766.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Assets		
Cash and investments	11,150,855	
Interest receivable		11,373
Note receivable - Purissima		400,000
Capital assets		
Land		4,688
Building improvements		2,552,838
Fire hydrants		1,078,745
Furniture and equipment		55,160
Accumulated depreciation		(1,214,955)
Total Assets		14,038,704
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		146,507
Total Liabilities		146,507
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		2,476,476
Unrestricted		11,415,721
Total Net Position	\$	13,892,197

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Functions/Programs		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Governmental
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Activities
Public protection	\$ 10,912,399	\$ 10,912,399
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,912,399	10,912,399
General Revenues		
Taxes		
Property taxes		8,327,012
Intergovernmental: State		47,968
Interest and investment income		51,722
Property rental		4,250
Other revenues		1,062
Total General Revenues		8,432,014
Change in Net Position		(2,480,385)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		16,372,582
Net Position, End of Year		\$ 13,892,197

### BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	G	eneral Fund
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	11,150,855
Interest receivable		11,373
Due from other agency - Purissima		400,000
Total Assets	\$	11,562,228
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	146,507
Total Liabilities	Ψ	146,507
Fund Balance		140,307
Unassigned		11,415,721
Total Fund Balance		11,415,721
Tom I and Damiec	-	11,113,721
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	11,562,228

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 11,415,721
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  Net capital assets used in governmental activities are reported as expenditures and depreciated over their useful lives in the government wide statements, but recorded as an expenditure in	
the governmental funds.	 2,476,476
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,892,197

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Ge	neral Fund
Revenues		_
Property taxes	\$	8,327,012
Intergovernmental: State		47,968
Interest and investment income		51,722
Property rental		4,250
Other revenues		1,062
Total Revenues		8,432,014
Expenditures Services and supplies		7,645,131
Capital outlay		3,192,710
Total Expenditures		10,837,841
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,405,827)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		13,821,548
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	11,415,721

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ (2,405,827)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement	
of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense.	
Cost of capital assets	5,000
Current year depreciation	 (79,558)
Change in Net postion of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,480,385)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### A. Organization

The Los Altos Hills County Fire District (the "District") was organized on October 23, 1939 and operates in conformity with the provisions of Part 2.7 of Division 12 of the Health and Safety Code. The District is composed of the Town of Los Altos Hills and the unincorporated areas generally referred to as the Loyola, Los Trancos / Alpine Road and San Antonio Hills. The District comprises an area of about 12.03 square miles.

The District has augmented fire protection to its residents in the past by purchasing the following:

- 1, Weather station for use by the Santa Clara County Central Fire Protection District ("Central Fire District") for monitoring weather during high fire hazard days
- 2. Specialized fire apparatus for use in the high hazard brush and grass fire areas
- 3. New rescue apparatus unit for Central Fire District prior to its life expectancy expiration
- 4. Specialized rescue tools
- 5. State-of-the-art fire hydrant and water main testing equipment
- 6. Specialized medical equipment
- 7. Two CERT Trailers (CFPD has the titles) and 1 ARK Storage Container
- 8. Edgerton Road and Deer Springs Way Fire Road Pavement Rehabilitation

The District also conducts the following programs for its residents:

- 1. Replacement of undersized water mains and installation of new water mains and fire hydrants as needed
- 2. A brush chipping program is offered free of charge twice a year to all residents living in the District
- 3. Additional staffing (firefighters) during summer fire season
- 4. A garden debris drop-off program is funded by the District and operated by the garbage company, which allows residents to drop-off garden debris and other combustible plant materials once a month at a central drop-off area free of charge
- 5. Funding of a fuel reduction/fire break program at the Byrne Preserve through the use of goats
- 6. The annual mailing of fire prevention and emergency preparedness information to all District residents
- 7. An emergency preparedness coordinator at a half time position
- 8. Removal of dead pine trees
- 9. Tree Pruning Program to reduce fire hazard
- 10. The seismic upgrading of water tanks
- 11. Removal of Eucalyptus trees

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

#### **B.** District Officials

The District is governed by a seven member Board of Commissioners (the "Commission"), appointed by the County of Santa Clara (the "County") Board of Supervisors for four-year terms, pursuant to the provisions of the Health and Safety Code Section 13884. Appointments to the Commission are made to provide for equal representation on the basis of population, as between residents of incorporated and unincorporated territories, respectively. A Commissioner must be a resident of the District. Commissioners are subject to removal for cause. The County Board of Supervisors delegates all of its powers to the Commission to manage the affairs of the District; provided, however, that the Commission shall not initiate litigation without the prior approval of the Board of Supervisors.

The District is considered a component unit of the County and the District's financial statements are blended into the County's financial statements. The Commission is composed of the following as of June 30, 2014:

	Term Expires Dec. 31
Duffy Price, President	2016
Debbie Dexter, Vice-President	2016
Berin Fank	2014
Melvin Vaughn	2014
Rich Larsen	2016
Gary Waldeck	2017
Bob Johnson	2015

#### C. Accounts and Records

The basic financial records are maintained in the office of the County's Auditor-Controller. The District maintains supporting vouchers and other records. Minutes were recorded and contained approvals for disbursements.

#### **D.** Budgetary Procedures

The District is required by state law to adopt a budget for the General Fund. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The annual budget is prepared, adopted and then submitted by the Commission to the County Board of Supervisors for final approval. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended at the Function and Fund level only by the approval of a majority of the Commission. Such amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All amendments are made before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Finally, all amendments are subsequently submitted to the County Board of Supervisors. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrance accounting is not used.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

#### **E.** Appropriations Limit

The County Board of Supervisors computes the appropriations limit for special districts that are governed by them. The County's auditors review these annual calculations.

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues would include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including various taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. There are separate statements for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. The District has only one fund, the General fund.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Governmental Fund

The District reports one major governmental fund:

• The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the District that are not required to be accounted for through other funds. For the District, the General Fund's primary activity is public protection.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The District has no proprietary or fiduciary funds.

The accounting objectives of the economic resources measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the current financial resources measurement focus, only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The fund balance is used as the measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

#### C. Property Tax Levy, Collection, and Maximum Rate

The State's Constitution, Article XIII A provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by the voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIII A and may be increased by no more than 2% per year unless the property is sold or transferred. These general property tax rates do not apply to taxes levied to pay the interest and redemption charges on any indebtedness incurred prior to June 6, 1978, or subsequently approved by the voters. Supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro rate basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to sales transactions or the completion of construction. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution among the counties, cities, school, districts, and other districts of receipts from the 1% property tax levy.

The County assesses properties, bills for, and collects property taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured			
Lien dates	January 1	January 1			
Levy dates	October 1	July 1			
Due dates	50% on November 1	Upon receipt of billing			
	50% on February 1				
Delinquent after	December 10 (for November)	August 31			
	April 10 (for February)				

These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. The Board of Supervisors annually sets the rates of the County and District taxes, and levies State, County, and District taxes as provided by law. The term "secured" refers to taxes on land and buildings, while "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the District under the State authorized method of apportioning taxes whereby all local agencies, including special districts, receive from the County their respective shares of the amounts of ad valorem taxes collected.

In 1981, the District passed an ordinance to impose a special tax pursuant to the provisions of the California Government Code Section 53978 on real property within the District for fire protection and related services. The District has not imposed this tax since 1986. The maximum annual special tax assessment that a parcel can be charged is as follows:

Unimproved Parcels - \$15 per 5 acres or fraction thereof, with a maximum of \$60. Improved Residential Parcels - \$50. Improved Commercial Parcels - \$75.

#### D. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets (fixed assets) are those purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more and are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation expense is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Improvements50 yearsFire hydrants50 yearsFurniture & equipment3 to 5 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Upon sale of capital assets, the proceeds from sale of capital assets is included in the results of operations as other financing sources.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Equity Classifications

In government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and divided into three components:

- Net Investment In Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted* This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Governmental funds report fund balances in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form—such as inventory, prepaid amounts or long-term notes receivable, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact—such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restriction may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted by the District taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the District's Board or (b) a body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the District's Board has delegated the authority to assign, modify, rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balance in other governmental funds.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **G.** Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the subsequent events through September 5, 2014.

#### H. New Accounting Pronouncements

In March, 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognized as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The District adopted this statement in the current year with no impact on the financial statements.

In April 2013, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The District adopted this statement in the current year with no impact on the financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 3. - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Available cash balances of the District are invested in the Santa Clara County Treasury Pool ("Pool") for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The County's commingled pool consist of cash in bank, U.S. government and agency securities, corporate bonds, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and deposits in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund. The County's pooled deposits and investments are regulated by California Government Code and by a County investment policy approved annually by the County Treasury Oversight Committee and the Board. The pooled investments' fair value is based on quoted market prices. The County allocates interest to the District based on the District's average daily cash balance relative to the entire Pool. The value of the participants' pool shares that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized basis, which is different than the fair value of the participants' positions in the pool. In addition, the County's investment pool is not rated by any of the credit rating agencies. Additional information regarding the County's investment policy and cash and investments, including interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk categories, and maturities of the different categories of investments, can be found in the County's notes to the basic financial statements.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>			Fair Value		
County Treasury Pool Petty Cash	\$	11,150,355 500	\$	11,124,226 500		
Total cash and investments	\$	11,150,855	\$	11,124,726		

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investment and for External Investment Pools" establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments held by governmental external investment pools. The statement requires governmental entities to report investments at fair value. Based on the County's calculations, the application of GASB, Statement No. 31, would have decreased the District's investment balance by \$26,129. However, since the effect of the application of GASB 31, in this instance, is not material, the District's cash and investments account is stated at cost.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 4. - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	6	5/30/2013	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>Dele</u>	etions	9	6/30/2014
Governmental Activities:								
Land	\$	4,688	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,688
Improvements		2,552,838		-		-		2,552,838
Fire hydrants		1,073,745		5,000		-		1,078,745
Furniture & equipment		55,160		-				55,160
Total cost		3,686,431		5,000		-		3,691,431
Accumulated depreciation		(1,135,397)		(79,558)				(1,214,955)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,551,034	\$	(74,558)	\$	_	\$	2,476,476

Capital project expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2014 amounted to \$3,192,710. Of this amount, \$3,187,710 represents construction costs for seismically upgrading the Neary Tank and water mainlines, for which the ongoing maintenance and operations are the responsibility of Purissima Hills Water District and the California Water Service Company and as such are not required under current accounting standard to be capitalized.

Under the hydrant replacement program, as of June 30, 2014, 184 hydrants have been replaced at an average cost of approximately \$10,000 (cost varies according to specific needs of each hydrant/location that are often not visible prior to excavation). It is anticipated that the program will be complete in 2-3 years.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, depreciation expense charged to public protection under governmental activities was \$79,558.

#### NOTE 5. - LEASE - FOOTHILL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The District leases the land for the newly constructed fire station situated on the Foothill Community College Campus, under the terms of a 99-year lease at a rental of \$1 per year (prepaid).

#### **NOTE 6. - CONTRACT FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES**

#### Santa Clara County Central Fire Protection District ("Central Fire District")

On December 17, 1996, an agreement was reached between the City of Los Altos (the "City"), the District, and the Central Fire District, for Central Fire District to render fire protection and other services to all of the areas included within the territorial limits of the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 6. - CONTRACT FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES (Continued)

**Term:** The term of the agreement is for ten years from January 1, 1997 (although the effective date of commencement of services was 12:01 a.m. on December 30, 1996). The agreement provides for the automatic renewal for an additional ten-year period unless the City, the District, or Central Fire District provides written notice of non-renewal to the other parties at least 180 days prior to the expiration date of this agreement. As of March 2006 the District renewed the contract with Central Fire District under a new amendment for an additional ten year period.

Real Property and Equipment: The Central Fire District is authorized to occupy and use the City 's and the District's real property at no cost, and is responsible for maintaining and repairing the property to a maximum of \$25,000 per year per station. Maintenance and repairs exceeding the \$25,000 annual limit will usually require prior written consent from all parties. The City and District shall remain responsible for the maintenance, repairs and/or replacement of fuel tanks at their respective stations. Title to any improvements and fixtures shall vest in the City and the District. In the event of termination of this agreement, Central Fire District will be reimbursed for any mutually agreed upon improvements, less straight-line depreciation over ten years of the purchase price, less the salvage value.

The City transferred title to its equipment and rolling stock to Central Fire District. Upon termination of the agreement, the City and the District shall have the option of repurchasing any and all equipment previously sold to Central Fire District. If Central Fire District no longer owns that same equipment, City and the District shall have the option of purchasing comparable or replacement equipment from Central Fire District. In both events, the price will be the sales price, plus the value of any upgrades or additional features, less any depreciation value. The Central Fire District will be responsible for providing and replacing new equipment at no cost to the City and the District.

**Compensation:** The Central Fire District will invoice the City and the District monthly, and payments shall be made within 15 days of receipt of the invoice. Payment is made by automatic transfer through the County of Santa Clara.

Each calendar year commencing on January 1, 2008, and each January thereafter the City and the District shall owe to County Fire the annual operating costs in the amount of \$7,606,000, subject to deductions of providing paramedic first responder service at a prorated basis, plus an increase to be determined as follows:

- A. The parties agree that annual increases in compensation to the Central Fire District for fire an emergency medical services costs shall be limited to the "arithmetic mean" (average) of the percent growth of the following three indices:
  - The second most prior February to the February immediately prior to the January being considered for increase, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, All Urban, All Items Consumer Price Index,
  - (2) The average annual cost of living increase in total compensation provided to firefighters of the Central Fire District following a calculation formula as stated in Exhibit F — Calculation Formula of the Agreement; and
  - (3) The total Local Secured Values for the total parcels of the City of Los Altos and Los Altos Hills County Fire District as reported by the County of Santa Clara Controller's Office each July.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 6. - CONTRACT FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES (Continued)**

- B. If any index referenced in this Section has a negative growth, the value of the index (indices) will be zero for the purposes of computing the arithmetic mean for that fiscal year. If all three indices have negative growth, the percent increase will be zero. At no time will the annual base amount be reduced as a result of the formula described in this Section.
- C. The maximum increase that can be applied for the service period of January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014 is 5%. The maximum increase that can be applied for any subsequent service period (calendar year) is 7%.

Actual amounts paid by the District were as follows:

Actual amounts paid by the District were as follows:

For the fiscal year ended June 30,				
\$5,312,413				
5,107,403				
4,937,052				
4,422,982				
4,477,277				
3,448,843				
3,741,036				
2,793,049				
2,011,045				
1,980,807				
2,065,255				
1,912,236				
1,889,480				
1,764,268				

In addition to the above services, the District will purchase, on occasion, emergency equipment with titles typically reverting to Santa Clara County Fire Department.

#### NOTE 7. - OTHER CONTRACTED SERVICES

#### A. Consulting Services

Stuart Farwell has been a Fire Consultant to the District since July 1997. His latest agreement was approved on March 18, 2014. Mr. Farwell assists with all of the water main and hydrant projects in the District as well as overseeing the brush chipping program and other programs as directed by the Board.

Jeanne Evilsizer has been the District Clerk since January 1981. The latest consulting agreement with the District was entered into on March 18, 2014. Her services include preparing the monthly packets, preparing the monthly invoices and taking the minutes of the monthly meetings. She also performs various other clerical duties.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 7. - OTHER CONTRACTED SERVICES (Continued)**

Dan Siegel is the District's Legal Counsel with the firm Jorgenson, Siegel, McClure and Flegel in Menlo Park.

### B. Pakpour Consulting Group, Inc. - Services Pertaining to Installations and Upgrades of Hydrants and Water Mains

On May 18, 2004, the District entered into an agreement with Pakpour Consulting Group, Inc., to provide plans and specifications for the installations and possible upgrades of fire hydrant and water mains within the District. The District's costs for fiscal year 2013-2014 amounted to about \$190,989.

### C. Purissima Hills Water District, California Water Services Company, and West Valley Construction – Joint Fire Hydrant/Water Mains Upgrade Projects

The District entered into agreements with the Purissima Hills Water District and California Water Service to jointly procure design, engineering and construction services for Joint Fire Hydrant/Water Mains Upgrade Projects. For the fiscal year 2013-2014, the District's expenditures amounted to \$855,603 for both Purissima Hills Water District and California Water Service.

#### D. Green Waste Recovery

In October 2008, the District began using the services of Green Waste Recovery for the Yard Waste Program at Foothill College. This free program allows residents to reduce fuel loads on their property and dispose of the cuttings monthly at Foothill College. The District's costs for year 2013-2014 amounted to about \$37,320, which was paid to the Town of Los Altos Hills in accordance with a reimbursement agreement.

#### E. S.P. McClenahan, Co. Inc.

The District contracts with S.P. McClenahan Co., Inc. for on site "chipping", tree trimming, and removal services for District residents. The District's total costs for this project in fiscal year 2013-2014 amounted to about \$1,930,218.

#### F. Stoloski & Gonzalez, Inc.

The District awarded a contract for the Fire Hydrant Replacement Project Phase VI, which includes 54 hydrants, for a cost of \$336,870.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 8. - NOTE RECEIVABLE TO PURISSIMA HILLS WATER DISTRICT

The Los Altos Hills County Fire District transferred funds in the amount of \$2,000,000 to Purissima Hills Water District ("Purissima") in accordance with the agreement for the Zone 2-1/2 Phase II Project by Resolution signed July 24, 2007.

Purissima is to repay the debt to the District over a five (5) year period in ten (10) equal payments of \$200,000 each, within 15 days of the quarter ending June 30 and September 30 starting after Purissima receives the funds from the District. Purissama received those funds on March 11, 2010 via a wire transfer from the County of Santa Clara. Purissima will pay interest on the then current debt balance within 30 days of the quarter ending on December 31, March 31, June 30, and September 30 of each year the debt remains outstanding. The interest payments will be determined by interest rate of the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) each quarter.

As of June 30, 2014, the balance of loan receivable is \$400,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive/(Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balances,						
Beginning of Year	\$ 13,821,548	\$ 13,821,548	\$ 13,821,548	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows)						
Property taxes	7,809,700	7,809,700	8,327,012	517,312		
Intergovernmental: State	48,000	48,000	47,968	(32)		
Interest and investment income	100,000	100,000	51,722	(48,278)		
Property rental	10,000	10,000	4,250	(5,750)		
Other revenues	3,500	3,500	1,062	(2,438)		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	7,971,200	7,971,200	8,432,014	460,814		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)						
Public Protection						
Services and supplies	9,792,023	9,792,023	7,645,131	2,146,892		
Capital outlay	3,710,000	3,710,000	3,192,710	517,290		
Total Charges to Appropriations	13,502,023	13,502,023	10,837,841	2,664,182		
Budgetary Fund Balances, End of				, , -		
Year	\$ 8,290,725	\$ 8,290,725	\$ 11,415,721	\$ 3,124,996		

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



VALUE THE DIFFERENCE

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of Los Altos Hills County Fire District Los Altos, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Los Altos Hills County Fire District (the "District"), a component unit of the County of Santa Clara, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2014.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Los Altos Hills County Fire District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency is* a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pleasanton, California September 5, 2014

Varrinek, Trine, Dey & Co. L.L.P.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

#### Financial Statements

Types of auditors' report issued

Unqualified

Internal Control over financial reporting

Material weakness identified?
 Significant deficiency identified?
 None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? <u>No</u>

Federal Awards Not applicable

#### **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

Our audit of the accompanying basic financial statements of the Los Altos Hills County Fire District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, disclosed no findings or questioned costs.

Our report on the Los Altos Hills County Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters based on an audit of basic financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, disclosed no findings or questioned costs.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The Los Altos Hills County Fire District had no federal program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Section I - Financial Statement Findings**

The audit of the basic financial statements of the Los Altos Hills County Fire District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, disclosed no findings or questioned costs.

The report on the Los Altos Hills County Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters based on an audit of basic financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, disclosed no findings or questioned costs.

#### **Section II - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

The Los Altos Hills County Fire District had no federal program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013.